Our business: Adding value throughout the gold lifecycle

2012 Inputs

optimising ou operations

Operating costs: US\$3.01bn Capital expenditure: US\$1.24bn Energy: 25,304 TJ Water: 88.477ML

Growing 3old Fields Near-mine exploration costs: US\$65m Greenfields exploration costs: US\$129m (excludes Far Southeast)

ecuring our future Total employees: 48,120 Training spend: US\$50m Stakeholders engaged: Investors, unions and employees, governments, communities, NGOs (p52)

The way forward for Gold Fields

- → Safety and wellbeing of our employees
- → Focus on cash generation
- Deliver South Deep
- → Optimise financial gearing
- Implement a strong dividend policy
- → Pursue sustainable development

Exploration



Discovering gold bearing ore across the world

Assets

- 11 early stage greenfields projects across 7 countries
- Exploration offices in 5 countries

Adding value

- Internal Greenfields Exploration team to identify, assess and develop opportunities
- Proprietary Global Business Area Rating System to provide in-depth analysis on prospective growth opportunities (p101)

Analysis

Identifying and modelling extraction opportunities

Assets

- 3 advanced stage greenfields projects
- 4 near-mine projects

Adding value

- Internal Concept and Studies team to manage projects through to pre-feasibility
- Proprietary Acquisition and Competitor Intelligence System.
 This is based on an extensive database to provide real-time information on trends and developments in the gold industry

 and enhances our decisionmaking capabilities

Development

Design and construction of mines and infrastructure

Assets

- 4 major growth projects in Finland, Mali, Peru and the Philippines
- 'Steady-state' growth pipeline with new mine in construction (South Deep)

Adding value

- International Projects team to take projects from pre-feasibility to construction
- Well-established Capital Investment Framework
- Conservative economic hurdles and stringent stage gates



2012 Outputs

Attributable profit: US\$691m Operating cash flow: US\$1.44bn Production: 3.25m ounces Tailings/waste rock: 188m tonnes CO₂-e: 6.3m tonnes

Change to attributable Mineral Reserves: -9 million oz Change to attributable Mineral Resources: 2 million oz

Shared value creation:

Local employment: US\$1.07bn Government: US\$618m Local suppliers: US\$3.45bn

SED: US\$136m

Mining

Physical extraction of gold bearing ore

Assets (post-unbundling)

- 5 x open pit or shallow underground mechanised operations in Australia, Ghana and Peru
- 1 x deep-level, bulk underground mechanised operation in South Africa

Adding value

- A solid platform for international growth
- Focus on cash generation and returns to investors
- Fully mechanised, internationally diversified portfolio
- Management of all-in costs using Notional Cash Expenditure

Processing

Physical and chemical processing of ore

Assets

- Carbon in leach plants (CIL)
- Carbon in pulp plants (CIP)
- Heap leaching facilities

Adding value

• CIL/CIP:

For higher grade ores due to higher capital and operating costs

• Heap leaching:

For lower grade ores due to lower capital and operating costs

• Smelting:

Production of doré bars (92% purity)

• Refining:

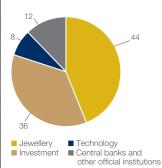
Doré bars refined into gold bars (99.9% purity)

The sale of refined gold

Gold uses

- Gold is sold on to authorised bullion banks
- Bullion banks sell-on to central banks, investors, the jewellery industry and technology sectors

Figure 1.2: Gold uses and demand (% of global gold demand in 2012)



Source